

# ADU Financing Alternatives

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# Rental Market Stats

- Demand demographic – Oregon #1 in-bound state for those moving here 2013 & 2014\*
- Portland rents rising on average 7% per year since 2010
- According to the city of Portland, PDX has seen one of the highest increases in rent in the nation last 12 months – close to 15% and has one of the lowest vacancy rates in the country
- Per the US census bureau Portland is the 3<sup>rd</sup> most competitive rental market in the country
- In 2010 around 7,000 people moved to Oregon.

By 2014 that number had jumped to [32,000 people](#)\*

\*source United Van Lines

\*source: Jason Jurevich [Portland State University](#) as reported by KGW Sept 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2015



# Personal Funding Sources

- Personal Savings, liquid funds, stock/bonds
  - Consider opportunity cost of self-funding relative to other options
- Family loans & gifts
- Loans from 401K
- Business Loan



# First Mortgage Cash out

## PROS:

- Potentially lower long term cost of financing relative to 2<sup>nd</sup> mortgage or rehab options.
- Can be less restrictive than formal renovation and/or construction financing
- Can allow borrowers to capitalize cost instead of using liquid savings
- Less restrictions on how funds are used compared to a formal renovation loan

## CONS:

- 80% maximum cash out loan to value (85% FHA)\*
- Based on current value only (does not take into consideration value of addition of ADU/Rehab)
- Requires refinance of existing mortgage – could be disadvantageous depending on existing mortgage terms
- Could present higher fees than self-funding or other financing options

\*Maximum loan to value more restrictive with investment properties versus owner occupied



# 2<sup>nd</sup> Mortgage Cash out - fixed vs. line of credit

## PROS:

- Less fees and more streamline qualifying than first mortgage
- Does not require refinance of existing first mortgage
- Less restrictions on how funds are used compared to a formal renovation loan

## CONS:

- Typically maximum loan to value is 90% or less (most capped at 80%)\*
- Based on current value only (does not take into consideration value of addition of ADU/Rehab)
- In most cases higher interest rate than first mortgage or interest rate risk with a line of credit

\*Maximum loan to value more restrictive with investment properties verse owner occupied

# Renovation Financing - Purchase or Refinance

## PROS:

- Unique loan type that allows borrowers to finance all renovations into one fixed loan amount
- Loan to value considerations based on “After Rehab Value”, not existing value
- In addition to considering “after rehab value”, equity requirements are much less than first or second mortgage cash-out requirements

## CONS:

- Interest rates can be higher than non-renovation first mortgage financing
- Restrictions on how funds are used
- Higher fees relative to other options

# Renovation Financing cont.

## Homestyle & 203K

- **203K is an FHA based renovation loan**
  - Requires only 3.5% down payment on purchase price + renovation
  - Can be more attractive for lower credit score borrowers
  - Limited to maximum loan amount of \$362,250 in surrounding Counties
  - Attached ADUs only (no detached ADUs)
  - Investment properties not allowed
  - Has a 1.75% funding fee of the loan amount & permanent mortgage insurance
- **Homestyle is a Conventional based renovation loan**
  - Requires only 5% down payment based on purchase price + renovation amount
  - Limited to \$417K maximum loan amount in Oregon
  - Can be more appropriate for higher credit score borrowers
  - Allows for detached ADUs
  - Allows investment properties to be financed



# Jumbo Renovation & Construction Financing

- Jumbo renovation needed when loan amounts exceed loan amount limitations of Conventional & FHA programs
- Construction Financing needed when existing home is being demolished and new construction to take place
- Down payment and/or equity requirements typically higher than Conventional or FHA loan.



# Case Study

- 203K Renovation purchase with basement ADU Feb 2015 – N. Portland
  - \$292K purchase price
  - \$66,500 renovation
    - Purchase + renovation = \$358,500 with 3.5% down payment of \$12,547
  - After rehab value \$405K
    - Provided \$46,500 in immediate equity
  - Refi value August 2015 \$428K – almost \$70K of equity
  - Basement ADU rents for \$1300/month 2bd/1bath
  - Total mortgage payment after Refi \$2220



# Personal Case Study - return on investment considerations

- Converting existing garage into ADU – N. Mississippi Ave.
  - \$50,000 build cost
  - \$1000-\$1200 potential rental income – 2 bd/1 bath
  - Projected tax increase of 100% or approximately \$200 additional per month
  - Anticipated property equity gain with legal ADU approximately \$50,000
- \$1100 rental income minus projected tax increase of \$200/month = \$900 net

Net after tax cash flow of approximately \$900/month or \$10,800/year.

Even dismissing the equity gain of the ADU & future rent appreciation, this still provides a cash on cash return of approximately 22%\* per year on upfront investment or a 4.63 year payback period. Arguably the pay back period is immediate given there is anticipated dollar for dollar value increase of the property value verse build cost

\*\$10,800 annual net rental income divided by \$50,000 initial investment = 21.6% simple annual return

